

# MORE TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF DREYFUS.

## High Official of Intelligence Department Declares the Prisoner Never Wrote the Bordereau.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. RENNES, Aug. 28.—General Mercier, the former Minister of War, and most of the other Generals interested in the case were present in the hall of the 130th regiment when the second session of the fourth week of the trial by court martial of Captain Dreyfus of the army, charged with treason, was opened. There was no special incident. Colonel Cordier, Deputy Chief of the Intelligence Department under the late Lieutenant-General Henry, and who since his previous appearance in court had been released by the Minister of War, General Auguste de Gaulle, from his oath of professional secrecy, was the first witness called today. He testified to the effect that the late Colonel Sandherr, and not Lieutenant-General Henry, received the famous bordereau.

A HUMOROUS WITNESS. The witness deposed solemnly in favor of Dreyfus, and he kept the court and even the judges in merriment by his comical manner and witticisms. He is a short, stout man with a full head of white hair, and a very red nose. The colonel declared that this belief in the guilt of Dreyfus was first shaken when the date of the bordereau was given as May. He was now convinced Dreyfus was innocent. Colonel Cordier then spoke his sentence. He declared that Henry was a conscientious soldier and an honorable man, and threw light upon the situation which existed in the offices of the Intelligence Department of the War Office. He explained that Henry was jealous of Picquart, because the latter was given charge of the Statistical Department, which Henry had hoped to get for himself. He expressed the belief that it was because of Picquart that Henry committed his crime.

SHIPS AT GERMANY. The evidence of Colonel Cordier was delivered in a loud voice, accompanied by humorous asides. He several times mentioned the famous bordereau, which caused the president of the court, General Jouanin, to intervene and tell the witness that he must not introduce the bordereau's name or refer to it. The witness, however, continued to speak of it, and he did more than once, and the amusing manner in which he avoided mentioning Germany at other times caused the greatest merriment. During his testimony, no fewer than five witnesses rose and asked to be allowed to interrupt him. But the colonel received these interruptions with the utmost good humor.

DREYFUS' MENTAL ALERTNESS. The prisoner is now accustomed to his surroundings and has apparently recovered his self-confidence, as he speaks readily and clearly and follows the witness closely, making no use of various points of his deposition.

Major Lauth first confronted Colonel Cordier and tried to score against him by pointing out that Cordier was incorrect in saying there were no Antisemites on the General Staff, since Cordier was one. The Colonel retorted, turning the tables on the Major, as raising his hand he cried: "Quite true. I was an Anti-Semite, but I never bore false witness against the Jew. I am an honest man."

The audience applauded these remarks. Colonel Cordier then administered a well deserved snub to Major Lauth by reminding him that the Colonel might be allowed to know more than Major Lauth with reference to the work of the Intelligence Department, since he (Cordier) replaced Colonel Sandherr as Chief of the Department whenever Sandherr was absent, while Major Lauth, the witness concluded, knew merely my assistant, my assistant, mark you.

Major Lauth did not enjoy this little scene at all. The strutting generals. General Rigot next confronted Colonel Cordier. The General assumed the same supercilious air which characterized him when he appeared at the witness bar, strutting about the stage in disdainful attitudes. His evidence, however, was not very striking, nor was that of Colonel Picquart, nor Archibald Gribelin, who also contested minor points of Cordier's deposition. Finally General Mercier, who evidently

GEN. WHEELER'S NEW COMMAND.

He Takes Funston's Command and Serves Under Gen. MacArthur.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. MANILA, Aug. 28.—J. P. M. General Wheeler has been ordered to report to General MacArthur. He will be given command of General Funston's brigade, which Colonel Dugan has commanded temporarily. General Wheeler will proceed to San Fernando tomorrow, after having spent a week in carefully visiting the lines. General Wheeler said to a representative

appeared in order to demonstrate the baseness of the stories of his intention to fly and to show his determination to fight to the last, confronted Colonel Cordier. The General's remarks were of small importance, the most interesting being his repetition of Colonel

Sandherr's opinion of Mathieu Dreyfus, when the prisoner's brother went to see the Colonel to ask for justice in behalf of Captain Dreyfus. Mercier admitted Sandherr said: "Mathieu Dreyfus impressed

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# LAND DEAL FEUD ENDS IN MURDER.

## Real Estate Agent Shot by a Barber in the Crocker Building.



JAMES F. TURNER, THE MURDERED MAN.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—J. P. Turner, a real estate agent of this city, was shot and killed by Joseph Frenna, a barber, in the corridor of the third floor of the Crocker building this morning, as the result of a long-standing feud arising from a land deal in Fresno and Sonoma counties.

Turner was convicted of perjury and sentenced to imprisonment for ten years by Judge Cook of this city, on October 3, 1897, in connection with the deal which led to the tragedy, but was granted a new trial by the Supreme Court.

THE SLAYER'S STORY. Frenna's story of the affair is as follows: "My place of business is at the north-west corner of Polk and Sutter streets. For years I have been buying and selling barbers' places and fitting them up as new shops for men going into business. "I first met Turner in 1891. He was introduced to me through a friend of mine named J. Busquet, who knew that my business was general speculation and that I loaned money. "As first I trusted Turner and advanced him sums, for which he gave me deeds to lands. The deeds proved worthless. Turner arrested on three felonies—forgery, grand larceny, and perjury. He appealed the first two, and won on technicalities. The perjury is still in the Supreme Court. In all Turner robbed me of \$7,500 and twenty years of my life. I killed him in self-defense. This morning I went into the Crocker building on business. As I stepped out of the elevator I encountered Turner. "Before I said a word Turner stepped toward me, crying 'You—' and at the same time placing his hand at his hip pocket. Supposing he intended to kill me, I instantly drew my pistol and fired. I have no clear recollection of what happened after that instant. There were five chambers in my revolver and I fired them all. I did just what any man would do under the circumstances, defended my life." George D. Collins, attorney for Turner, said: "Turner never robbed Frenna out of a cent. Both men were partners in speculation and enterprises which bordered on fraud, although they may have been within the law. Frenna was a particeps criminis, so to speak. [Turner was well known in this city. He placed many deeds on record with the County Recorder and figured in a great many lawsuits in Oakland.]

# DROPPED DEAD IN HER PARLOR.

## Miss McMenemy Dies While Playing the Piano.

Miss Lydia McMenemy, aged 23 years, daughter of Captain J. H. McMenemy, dropped dead this morning in the parlor of her home at Golden Gate.

Last evening she entertained a number of friends at her home.

This morning, while playing the piano, she dropped dead.

Heart disease is supposed to be the cause of death.

Miss McMenemy was of a very lovable character and had a host of friends.

# GETTING NEARER TO WAR.

## British Papers Fear Fighting Is Near at Hand.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. LONDON, Aug. 28.—Commenting upon the declaration of President Kruger of the Transvaal to the effect that the South African government adhered to its latest offering and would not make further concessions, the afternoon papers here unanimously draw attention to the increased seriousness of the Transvaal crisis, but at the same time they express uncertainty regarding the nature of the concessions beyond which President Kruger says he will not go. No official announcement has been made of these, though they are generally understood to be a five-year franchise and increased Outlander representation. "If this is correct," the Globe says, "it cannot be long before diplomacy will stand aside as of no further service." The Full Mail Gazette says: "President Kruger's adherence to this would mean adherence to the impossible, and if so the situation has come to an ugly head." To whatever dispatch or conditions President Kruger's defiant remarks refer, it has brought home sharply the keen possibility of an impending war against no weak-kneed adversary. It is said that, including withdrawals from over the border, the Transvaal would have about 60,000 men at its disposal, whereas the most the British could now throw on the frontier would be 30,000, though of course this number would be materially increased within a month.

# PRUSSIAN DIET CLOSED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. BERLIN, Aug. 28.—Both houses of the Prussian Diet met in joint session today. The Imperial Chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, expressed the very great regret of the government that the canal bill had not met with the approval of the Diet. But, he said, the government adhered steadfastly to the project, and was confident that the conviction of its necessity would grow more among the people. The Chancellor concluded with saying the government hoped the next session would bring about an understanding with the Diet.

# THE PRESIDENT IN OHIO.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Aug. 28.—The President and Mrs. McKinley took a drive into the suburbs of the city and across the Ohio river bridge to the new town of Chester. Other distinguished guests are having a quiet visit today with Colonel Taylor. A reception will be given this evening at which Congressman Taylor, McKinley's successor in the district, will speak.

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Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

# BERKELEY SHAKEN BY ANONYMOUS WRITER.

## Startling Accusations Made Against Professors and Citizens--Secret Service Agents on Trail.

Who is the prolific anonymous letter writer of Berkeley? This is a question which has been propounded many a time but which, up to the present time, has remained unanswered. For more than two years past the mails of Berkeley have been used for a purpose of the most reprehensible character. They have been laden with missives which have been scurrilous, threatening, defamatory or libelous, just as the fury moved the writer. To read some of the letters would convince one that the writer is an idiot. To read others, would be convincing that the recipient had to come to time to discharge a legal obligation, otherwise his standing in the community would be destroyed. To read a third would suggest that the party addressed was a white sepulchre and Tennessee White Caps would be justified in riding the community of his presence.

The letters have been written either by a fool or a knave or both if that were possible and no one may tell how long they may continue. Some of the people who have received the letters have made application to the officers and to men of the law and have been advised as to what it was thought best for them to do. It was shown that the law was plain on the subject, and that Uncle Sam could not with a very arm of legislation upon those who used his mail for any unholy purpose. Detectives have been employed, private detectives with no number have sought to trap the offender, but up to the present time the guilt has not positively been brought home to any of those who are most suspected of the cowardly practice.

HUNTING THE WRITER. Recently there has been a revival in the illegitimate literature, and an attempt was made to ascertain by whom the secret missives were sent forth. This attempt, more than likely, will have the desired effect, but the evidence, if secured, will be of a circumstantial character only. It will not be proof positive that the suspect is really guilty, because the letters in question have many more styles of orthography than the chameleon has colors. Some of the people who have been assailed in this cowardly manner have found out a person, who is in correspondence with the individual, who is suspected of writing the letters, and that party has been besought to furnish the victims with a specimen of the suspect's writing. On Thursday last a request of this kind was preferred, and it is expected that an answer will be received the latter part of this week. If, on comparison, there should be discovered a similarity between the handwriting of the suspect when off his or her guard and that of one or more of the anonymous letters, it might prove that the author of these letters, but that would be unsatisfactory with respect to a number of other letters equally annoying and defamatory, which, however, are apparently written in a different hand. Practically no two letters are alike. They are now in the hands of a schoolboy or girl. Again they are in the writing of a man of business, and not infrequently in that of a hand poised by age. Despite this fact a determined effort is now being made to bring the offender to justice. At the same time, there are persons in Berkeley who say they believe they could lay their hands on the guilty party. They shrink, however, from the act because of the humiliation they would feel in claiming that they had been the subject of these virulent recitals. All along they have preferred to suffer in silence, but this species of fortitude has now assumed a different aspect.

A TRAGEDY. The investigation which is now being made brings to the attention of the people again, the tragedy in which Anna B. Hollywell, the co-ed from Redlands, lost her life as a result of an overdose of morphine, on October 30, 1897. In her secret after her death were found a telegram and a letter, the one advising her of the death of a supposed lover, which evidently was in her own handwriting; the other, in a mature hand, not her own, in a state of delirium was that of a mature, matronly woman consoling the girl in her bereavement and dated at an alleged place in San Francisco, which had no existence in fact. Despite appearances to the contrary, many persons believed that this letter was also written to herself by Miss Hollywell. There were people, however, who believe that the letter was the work of another and a designing mind, and it is that designing individual, these same people are now looking as the person who has written many if not all of the anonymous letters which have been placed in circulation. With the fact-simile of the alleged Hollywell letter, some of the anonymous missives have been compared, and the similarity in a number of the characters is most pronounced. Some of the people who have made the comparison say that the letters compared must have been written by the same hand. If this fact could be established, it would place an entirely different phase upon the Hollywell story. As it was, that sick woman went down as her grave weighed with the stigma of a suicide who had grown morbid over a love affair which was only a figment of her own imagination. To have written the letter addressed to her signed "E. M. R. King" would have required the talent of the forger Becker, something which would never be expected of an immature girl who wrote a cramped hand which few teachers in penmanship would attempt to read as to form regular and beautiful characters in writing.

As a consequence of these facts, those who say Anna Hollywell did not write that letter dated at the "Rectory of Saint Anne" held now and it was written to her by a person who knew the girl well, who knew also that she was of a morbid temperament and who did not hesitate to work upon her fancy by a missive which carried to extremes the fancied idea of bereavement to which the poor girl might have previously given expression. On this point, however, it is possible that more light will be shed in a few days.

MANY LETTERS WRITTEN. As to the number of these anonymous letters, it is impossible to state. People have received them and have in terror kept the knowledge of the case to themselves. They have shrank and still shrink from the notoriety and abasement which publicity would occasion. Others, however, are careless as to the suits. They declare the contents of the letters to be lies and state that none of their friends who may hear of the vagaries will believe them. Recently one of the best known clerks in Berkeley received a note to the effect that he entertained a young lady at his home during his wife's absence. He showed the letter to his wife and she was the first to denounce it as an unmitigated lie.

The facts of the case are that at the time there was a young lady, a friend of the woman of the house visiting the family. The evening had been spent in an impromptu concert in the parlor, in which the visitor, the husband and one of the sons took part. The wife and another lady friend were present. The young lady visitor was at the piano. The husband manipulated the violin and the best song during the wife's absence. He showed the letter to his wife and she was the first to denounce it as an unmitigated lie.

means of knowing when a defamatory letter goes through his hands, but he is painfully aware of the fact that they do go through them, and he has been willing to work in connection with the Secret Service agents to bring the abuse to an end. He knows, however, that it is difficult to catch the offender, especially such an astute manipulator as seems to be at work at the present time. He has even more information than some of the victims have of the extent of the annoyance, because he hears all the complaints that are to be made. He knows some of these letters have not been written, but have been composed of words cut out of newspapers and then so arranged as to make sense, and then sent to some innocent individual. Conviction in such a case would seem to be impossible. However, the lines are fast closing in on the guilty one, and interesting developments may take place at any moment.

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In another case a newly-married couple were the recipients of a number of these cowardly letters and for a time their life was a burden. At first they did not know where the letters had come from. Then they suspected their female servant. Now they have another suspect in view.

Another victim was a Mrs. Verrill, but she escaped with but slight attention. H. Waterbury, the well known Elyman, received a number of the secret letters and after an attempt to trace them to a certain person. The letters were defamatory in the highest degree. The last one received by him he placed in an envelope and directed it to the person, whom he suspected with having written it to him. Within the envelope on a sheet of paper were these words:

"No more of these letters from you." Mrs. Waterbury has heard no more from his incognito defamer.

Health Officer Rowell has been on the track. He has had his personal appearance extolled, and been told of the pleasure which a meeting with him would occasion. He has paid no attention to the letters, and that brought out insinuations and threats which sorely tried the patience of the level-headed guardian of the city's health.

Postmaster Vincent has had a pair of burning ears for some time because of the contents of these letters. He has no business chance. I have purchased the OPTICAL business, books and good will of Mr. C. H. WOOD, and will continue business in the same location—FEARN'S DRUG STORE. I will be pleased to meet all of Mr. Wood's customers and supply their wants.

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# SNOW REPLIES TO THE COUNCIL.

## Says the City Fathers Better Wait Till Estimates Are Fixed.

Mayor Snow, with reference to the action of the City Council last evening directing the Board of Public Works to abandon the patrol system of street cleaning after September 1st, this morning said to a representative of THE TRIBUNE:

"The thorough and continuous cleaning of the streets of the city is the one thing which the administration has done thus far, and it has been done in the best manner possible. It is not for such work as this that I have done it to do it by the passage of such a resolution as they are reported to have passed without reference to any committee."

"Used the annual estimates of expenses which the Council has under consideration are finally fixed, no one knows how much money it will cost for any purpose."

Mayor Snow said this morning that the Council, in passing the anti-patrol street cleaning resolution, not only acted without reference to any committee, but also without reference to the annual estimates of expenses which the Council has under consideration are finally fixed, no one knows how much money it will cost for any purpose.

# THE DREYFUS TRIAL

(Continued From Page 1)

me as an honest man, who was prepared to make any sacrifice to save his brother."

A DISTINGUISHED WITNESS.

M. De Freycinet, the former Minister of War, former Minister of Foreign Affairs and former Premier, followed Colonel Cordier on the witness stand. The court room was packed to its utmost capacity as the distinguished French statesman began his statement. He is a venerable man with white hair and a white beard, and was dressed in a blue serge suit. He wore a little black bow for a necktie, and gave his testimony seated and in a low voice.

The witness was expected to tell about the 250,000 francs supposed to have been contributed abroad, mainly in England and Germany, to the Dreyfusian cause.

M. De Freycinet began by expressing the pain which he experienced at the trouble his country was undergoing. Later he said he remembered a conversation with General Jammot, at which there was a reference to money coming from abroad in support of the Dreyfusian cause, which while disinterested in character, was nevertheless a crime.

# FEARS ATTACKS ON THE ARMY.

M. De Freycinet, however, did not remember the details of the conversation. Nor if such a sum of money was mentioned. M. De Freycinet then alluded to his fear that attacks on the chiefs of the army might be prejudicial to discipline, adding: "Must not these attacks lead to the disorganization of the army? If such a thing happens, the result will be a disaster for the country." In short, M. De Freycinet delivered a patriotic speech, rather than a deposition, concluding with the words: "All the world will accept your verdict, which will open an era of peace and confidence in the army."

Members of the court-martial (President, M. De Freycinet with the greatest of deference. The president of the court, Colonel Jammot, declined to put to the witness any questions from the defense, on the ground that they had no direct bearing on the case. One of the questions referred to M. De Freycinet's personal opinion of M. Schœner-Kesner, the former Vice President of the Senate, who has interested himself in the defense of Dreyfus. Although the Colonel refused to put the question, the witness replied that M. Schœner-Kesner was his friend and that he had a high opinion of his character. M. De Freycinet was then asked to tell the witness's opinion of General Billot, who had been a few minutes before General Billot, chatting with that officer. He left the court later.

The testimony of other witnesses concluded the day's proceedings.

The court adjourned for the day at noon.

# PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

Following are the proceedings in detail:

The appearance of Colonel Cordier, formerly Deputy Chief of the Intelligence Department, at the Dreyfus court-martial aroused great interest. Speaking in firm, audible tones, the Colonel testified that September 22, 1894, he left Paris on a train for the frontier, and that night he was taken to a room in the Hotel de la Marine, where he was kept for several days. He was then taken to the Ministry of Marine. The witness recalled how information of the leakage of 190 was received primarily. The name mentioned was that of a gentleman, 45 years of age and decorated, who used to come to the Ministry of Marine, and who the witness described as a house with a large garden.

Colonel Cordier emphasized the fact that the above personal description did not bear the slightest resemblance to Dreyfus, but resembled much more closely another officer whose name had been mentioned and who could no longer be presented or convicted.

The witness then referred to the spy Guene's denunciations to the effect that Dreyfus was a traitor. He said that he was very difficult to accept Guene's statement as gospel.

Witnesses mentioned Guene's death, as he said, the case would have been settled by his testimony. It was argued to the effect that many things were fastened.

Referring next to what he styled the "house undertaking of Richard Cœrs, La Joux and Company," the Colonel declared the object was nothing less than to recruit the French government. He said the organization would have been of the greatest utility in the event of war, and said reports were frequent during the war, and the lack of spies was a matter of course. It could not be maintained that only Germany was spoken at the interview.

SPY HUNGER GERMANY.

One of Guene's special services, continued the witness, was furnishing Germany with false information. He, therefore, was sometimes engaged to say that he had succeeded in obtaining a French officer in this way. Guene was induced to declare he had obtained the collaboration of an officer on the Headquarters Staff. Proof of this could be found at headquarters in the dossier of false documents deposited in Germany.

"These documents," added Colonel Cordier, "are no doubt in all the better order because the archivist, M. Grébein, wears blue spectacles." (Laughter.)

Colonel Jammot called the witness to order, and the remark was withdrawn, witness declaring, amidst peals of laughter, "It escaped me, Monsieur Le President. I withdrew the spectacles."

Cordier then described the events prior to the arrest of Dreyfus, and showed that only a single real leakage, namely the plans of the fortress, had occurred at the time of his arrest. The document known as "the Canaille de D." had explained, was contemporaneous with this leakage.

"It has been said," continued the witness, "that I made a mistake in the case, and conducted the document with another containing the initial alone. I should like very much to see the document in order to assure myself that it had not been tampered with. It is not, however, of any importance, except to show that General Rogier's evidence concerning me is false from beginning to end." (Sensation.)

General Rogier asked leave to speak. His request was granted, and he showed the leakage of plans of fortress was "falsified by the carelessness of the Headquarters Staff, and maintaining that the leakage was still occurring when the witness was arrested."

DREYFUS' MORALS.

Referring to the manner in which the suspicions against Dreyfus crystallized, the Colonel described the efforts to pry into the prisoner's life and said the information at first received was very bad and constituted strong proof against the prisoner. Later, however, it assumed quite a different aspect. It was admitted that before his marriage Dreyfus was not "unimpeachable morally, nor was he entitled to wear a wreath of orange blossoms." (Laughter.)

"But," Colonel Cordier added, "after his marriage Dreyfus was quite different."

The witness also said that while Dreyfus boasted of his conquests, he (Cordier) was of the opinion that those were "laughable." (Laughter.)

Dreyfus, he continued, bragged a great deal, and probably now repented having done so. Dreyfus' inquisitiveness, according to the witness, was probably explained by his knowledge that he would not remain in the Headquarters Staff, and he desired to obtain all information which might be useful to him in after life.

The Colonel then paid a tribute to the memory of Colonel Sandherr, who examined the immense mass of documents relating to espionage and unearthed the "Canaille Canaille de D." document, which seemed to the witness to date back to antiquity.

In 1884 the witness regarded as insufficient the sole proof against Dreyfus, namely, the bordereau. He did not believe the prisoner was guilty, but the fact that the judges were unanimous in convicting him changed the witness' mind. His doubts, however, returned when he learned that the date of the bordereau involved in September had been changed to May. Colonel Jammot's investigation and the infamous campaign against Picquart increased the suspicions of the witness.

DECLARED DREYFUS INNOCENT.

In 1894, declared Colonel Cordier, emphatically, "I had been reassured by the unanimity of the judges and I was absolutely convinced of the guilt of Dreyfus. Now I am absolutely convinced of his innocence." (Great excitement.)

Next, witness discussed the attacks on himself. He said he was astonished at the court-martial being so long because he was not given charge of the Intelligence Department in succession to Colonel Sandherr, as "everybody knew I wished to do the service simultaneously with my friend Sandherr."

Referring to the president, Cordier declared that the approaches of the Dreyfus family to Colonel Sandherr were not attempts at corruption, and that Dreyfus' brother's remark: "Our fortune at your disposal," was only the expression of the family's ardent desire to save an innocent man.

Witness well remembered hearing that Esterhazy and Henry were in the Intelligence Department together about the year 1893, but he believed Esterhazy had been in the department since 1891, and had no relations with the department; they must have been clandestine.

HENRY'S TRAID OF PICQUART.

Replying to Colonel Jammot's request to state what he knew regarding Henry's relations with the department, the witness said that he had heard of Henry's relations with the department, and that he had heard of Henry's relations with the department, and that he had heard of Henry's relations with the department.

THE DICTATION SCENE.

He found difficulty in recalling the names of those who were present in the dictation scene, but he was informed on several occasions as to what occurred. "I remember," he declared, "that one of the proofs advanced against Dreyfus was that during the case he looked in the mirror. This is going far, for if Dreyfus looked in the mirror, it was because he had seen another head besides his own. There was an arrangement of the Minister, and when it must be told, I will say it. But I cannot say it now. It is a matter of honor. Dreyfus, therefore, might have seen something besides his own face in the mirror."

M. Labori questioned the witness in regard to the letter in which M. Labori asked the Minister to refer to the spy "C. C.," which was dispatched to the War Office at the time of Picquart's arrest. Cordier explained that it was a letter from an Italian lady, who was in correspondence with the Foreign Office.

"I greatly respect Italian ladies in general," said Colonel Cordier, "but not when it is a case of espionage, and I advised M. Labori to stop at a letter of this kind. It is going far, for if Dreyfus looked in the mirror, it was because he had seen another head besides his own. There was an arrangement of the Minister, and when it must be told, I will say it. But I cannot say it now. It is a matter of honor. Dreyfus, therefore, might have seen something besides his own face in the mirror."

M. Labori informed the president of the court that he had received a telegram, signed "Fages," announcing the death of a letter of this kind. It is going far, for if Dreyfus looked in the mirror, it was because he had seen another head besides his own. There was an arrangement of the Minister, and when it must be told, I will say it. But I cannot say it now. It is a matter of honor. Dreyfus, therefore, might have seen something besides his own face in the mirror."

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Colonel Jammot announced that he would not read the letter, because it was nothing of the kind, and asked the usual questions of Dreyfus, who replied that he would refer merely to the scene on October 15th, preceding his arrest.

DREYFUS' STATEMENT.

"It was," he said, "so fantastic that I frankly confessed I understood nothing connected with it. It was conducted under such conditions that I don't know what manner of brain could have conceived it, and when I felt the extraordinary scene upon my head I literally reeled, and cannot remember the details."

M. Labori, having been permitted to speak, said Colonel Cordier's leave of absence commenced September 15th, and not September 23d, to which Cordier replied that he was speaking of the date of his departure from the Headquarters Staff, and not of his departure from the army. He said that he was speaking of the date of his departure from the Headquarters Staff, and not of his departure from the army.

Continuing, the Major commented upon

# CHILD'S STORY A RARE FAKE.

## Little Gladys Bailey Must Have Been Reading Red Literature.

Chief of Police Hodgkins, speaking of the story of twelve-year-old Gladys Bailey, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Bailey, living at 201 Linden street, about being bound and gagged by a pair of mysterious robbers, while she was preparing to follow the rest of her family to church last Sunday morning, today said to a TRIBUNE reporter:

"I have no theories at present to bring forward. All I am prepared to do is to state the facts. The facts are just these: There is no doubt at all but that the girl has told several different and partly conflicting stories about her experience. Then the story that was found by her family, with which she said that the men locked the door of the closet in which she was placed, does not lock that door from the outside, although it will lock it from the inside. This, if true, taken in connection with the location of the window of that apartment, lends force to the suggestion that the window may have been slightly raised and the key thrown from within to the place on the back steps leading to the kitchen, where it was found by the family."

"The child's first story was that she saw one of the men walk around the rear of the building to its front. Now, Detective Sherry states that there was a seven-foot fence in his way, fastened on the inside with a braided piece of wood that was in its position when the other children came home from Sunday School. Then, her descriptions of the men vary. According to the reports of Detectives Holland and Sherry, both burglars now have blue eyes, including the one who wore a mask, whereas one, at first, of the girl's account, had brown eyes. One, she now says, had a gray coat, which, by her first description was brown."

"It seems a little strange that a professional and experienced burglar should engage in their operations to blacken a child's face with shoe polish, while offering her no other indignities."

"So far as a newspaper statement is concerned that I have suspended work on this case, in spite of the personal appeals of the mother, Mrs. Bailey, on a report by Detective Holland that further inquiry should be abandoned, that is all a mistake and contrary to the facts. Mr. Holland has made no statement to me that this inquiry should be abandoned, or that there was no burglary. While he may have his own opinions on that point, he has merely reported some rather curious facts. Nor is it true that Mrs. Bailey has made any appeal to me to stop."

"We have simply given to the public the facts as they have appeared and developed and been reported up to date. We have no comments to make. Everybody who cares to do so is at liberty to make such deductions as he sees fit from the ascertained facts."

# FOUND DEAD ON PAVEMENT.

## An Unknown Woman Is Murdered in Omaha.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 28.—A woman whose identity has not been ascertained, was found dead on the pavement of Park avenue this morning. Doctors say that she had been dead for several hours, and that death resulted from a fracture of the skull, evidently caused by a fall on the pavement. People living in the vicinity say that about 11 o'clock last night they heard a woman scream and saw a buggy passing in which were a man and a woman. The man was lashing the horse into a run and holding the woman, who was standing up and evidently trying to jump out of the buggy. There is at present no clue as to the identity of either party. The woman is well dressed and evidently a woman of refinement. The street where she was found is in the heart of the best residential section of the city.

# LATE NOTES FROM THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Default has been entered against the defendants in the action of the Alameda Savings Bank against P. A. Dean and others.

John B. Sanborn, A. H. Bernal and John B. Richardson have been appointed to appraise the estate of Jose Y. Yslas, deceased. Maria Silveria Yslas has been granted letters of administration on the estate.

A demurrer in the action of Anne Jessup against the Oakland Transit Company has been overruled.

The supplemental account of the estate of James Steinhilber, deceased, has been approved and a distribution ordered.

C. E. Wilson has filed his appointment as Deputy Constable of Oakland Township.

James Kane has begun suit against Caroline E. Owinelle and others to foreclose a mortgage of \$1,200.

The final account of the estate of George Mayes Richardson, deceased, has been approved and a distribution ordered.

George A. Newhall has foreclosed a mortgage of \$7,500 against the Bank of Javore.

A. Koenig, William Moffitt, and W. B. Hardy have begun suit against the estate of Joseph Emil Margu, deceased.

The final account of the estate of John J. Johns, deceased, has been approved and a distribution ordered.

William E. Basset has received her appointment as administratrix of the estate of L. D. Basset, deceased.

A decree of settlement of final accounts and final distribution has been handed down in the estate of Mary A. Lamo, deceased.

# SAYS IT IS NOT A NUISANCE.

151 Twenty-third avenue, East Oakland, August 28, 1899.

Editor Tribune Sir:—I see in your issue of today an article headed "Can This Nuisance Be Abolished?" and signed "Anti-Slot." In response I would like to inform your correspondent that the slot machine mentioned is not illegal because you get something in return for your penny every time you put one in. In other words there is no chance or gamble about it. The proprietor of one of the stores on Twenty-third avenue which has one of the machines mentioned, I am in a position to observe and how they put their pennies in, and I must confess I have failed to see any objection to the game of the slot machine. In fact they seem to enjoy it as much as the children. As to the size of the chocolate or gum home, I would like to ask "Anti-Slot" how much to expect for one cent?

This is the first objection I have heard against the machine, and I must say that I think this anonymous writer must be a crank. If it was the public nuisance he tries to make it out to be I would take my machine in. Yours truly, GEORGE S. DODD.

# SURETIES SUED TO RECOVER JUDGMENT.

F. Friable has begun suit against A. Campbell, B. Wright and others to recover \$500. The defendants were co-defendants in the case of Watson & Williamson in an action brought by Friable to collect \$2,572. When judgment was rendered in Friable's favor he was unable to collect and has consequently sued the sureties.

# BICYCLE THIEF CAUGHT BY POLICE.

On the 10th of last month there was a bicycle stolen from the residence of H. T. Coffin, 163 Perry street. The theft was made known to Chief Hodgkins by the Headquarters Staff, and the matter, with the result that the culprit has been located in Santa Cruz. The stolen wheel was found in this possession, and Chief Hodgkins will send an officer to Santa Cruz to bring the offender back tomorrow.

# MINISTER TAKES CITIZENSHIP OATH.

Rev. A. J. Gustafson, a Swedish Methodist minister, was admitted to citizenship this morning by Judge Ogden. His sponsors were Rev. John Walberg and A. Tornblom.

A Frightful Blunder.

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Fomies, Corns, Bunions, etc. Put it on the place where the trouble is. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Osgood Bros., Seventh and Broadway.



## WORLD FAMOUS MARIANI

MARIANI WINE TONIC  
FOR BODY, BRAIN, NERVES

Combats Summer Complaints, Wasting Diseases

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

MARIANI & CO., 52 WEST 11TH STREET, NEW YORK.

Send for book of endorsements and portraits of Emperors, Princes, Cardinals, Archbishops and other distinguished personages. It is free to all who write for it.

## FRENCH FIND MORE TRAITORS.

Alsation Family Sells War Maps to the Germans.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—A case somewhat similar to that of Captain Dreyfus, now being tried by court martial at Rennes for treason, is reported at Nancy. The police claim to have found at the residence there of a French artillery specialist a commission in the German army and valuable French army maps. The suspected man belongs to an old Alsation family, other members of which are suspected of complicity in the affair.

## ST. GEORGE VINEYARD SPECIAL SALE OF WINES!

WM. BEYER & CO., Agents  
470 Eighth Street

To-Day and Tomorrow

CELEBRATED TONIC PORT will be sold—ON THESE DAYS ONLY, at 50c per bottle. Regular price 75c. SAMPLES FREE. Note this space for special sales regularly.

## CRUSHED IN THE COLISEUM.

Ten Workmen Killed by Falling of Arches.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—The list of those who lost their lives yesterday in the falling of the heavy iron arches which form the skeleton of the coliseum, a huge hall in course of construction, now numbers ten.

One man, Edward Swanson, reported among the missing, was today added to the roll of the dead. A companion of Swanson, when the accident happened, today told the police he had taken his friend's body from the ruins in a horribly mangled condition and that it had been taken away in an ambulance. What disposition was made of it is unknown.

Samuel Smith, Alex. Millas, Joseph King and others reported missing, have been accounted for, all having escaped.

The hospital authorities today reported that of the injured, John Marshall was in the most serious condition, and will probably die. It is not known whether his right leg cut off and the other limb badly crushed.

## THE BAR ASSOCIATION.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 28.—When the American Bar Association resumed its session today the address made by the president of the association, William H. Taft, was listened to with great interest.

Several new members of the association were elected today.

## WIND WRECKED BY WORKING TOO HARD.

Louis H. Jackson, the deaf mute who was arrested yesterday on a charge of insanity, was discharged this morning by Drs. Tisdale and Buteau.

Jackson's insanity appears to come from an extreme nervous condition, arising from over application to his work while in a poor state of health. He protested to the examiners this morning against being sent to an insane asylum, saying that he had no intention of being confined in a hospital, and that he would be cured in a few days.

He was taken to a private sanitarium to recover from his nervousness.

## FLAT IRON EPISODE TOLD IN COURT.

The trial of Ah Wing, a Chinese laundryman, on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon was begun before Judge H. H. H. today.

The case was made up from information received by the defense, and the plaintiff, Ah Wing, was not present.

Attorney Samuel S. represented the people.

Harold Lindhart testified that he and his brother-in-law, J. L. Smith, were in the wash-house of the defendant, Ah Wing, on June 20th to have some clothes sent home. The laundry refused to send the clothes until some money was forthcoming. An altercation ensued and was followed by the defendant, Ah Wing, attacking the two men. They rushed to the door to get out, but found it locked. While they were endeavoring to unlock the door, several more flat iron pieces were thrown at them, one of which struck Ah Wing on the head, and he was injured.

When the men got the door open and escape Smith was suffering from a wound on the side of his head, which was occasioned from a blow from a flat iron.

Ah Wing was arrested later on a warrant charging him with assault with a deadly weapon.

## Athen's Candy Factory.

Will open Thursday as a first-class store at 268 Washington street, near Ninth. The purest of confectionery at reasonable prices. Retail trade solicited. Ice cream to order. Free delivery.

C. W. Kinsey Dealer in New Style Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

Modern furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. Cash discount given instead of "trading stamps." 424-46 Thirteenth street.

## Born.

BRAY-In Fruitvale, August 27, 1899, to the wife of Howard W. Bray, a daughter.

## Died.

SCANLAN-In this city, August 28, 1899, Eugene Scanlan, a native of New Orleans, aged 47 years, 2 months and 13 days.

CATRON-In this city, August 28, 1899, Mrs. Helen Catron, a native of Kansas, aged 72 years, 7 months and 23 days.

JENKINS-In Alameda, August 28, 1899, Adeline M. Jenkins, a native of Vermont.

## RAY BAKER HAS A NARROW ESCAPE.

Deputy County Clerk Ray Baker had a narrow escape from a meeting with the law today. He was seen by a patrolman while he was driving in the hay this morning. He was a few minutes late in catching the ferryboat from Belvedere to San Francisco. Just as the boat was leaving the slip Baker made a run and jumped for the boat. He landed on the extreme end of the boat and clung to a chair until he was helped on board by the deck hands. Baker says he does not want another experience of the kind.

## GERMEE FOR BREAKFAST.

## OUR GREAT ALTERATION AND EXPANSION SALE

Still Progresses

# Halinger's

Oakland's Great Department Store

1013-23 WASHINGTON ST.

More Noise.—More Dust.—More Confusion and More Bargains than last week.

See how much you can save by trading with us

## TOMORROW

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 30th.

All-Union Canvas, White and Blue, 50c yard, 100c yard, 150c yard, 200c yard, 250c yard, 300c yard, 350c yard, 400c yard, 450c yard, 500c yard, 550c yard, 600c yard, 650c yard, 700c yard, 750c yard, 800c yard, 850c yard, 900c yard, 950c yard, 1000c yard.

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**Oakland Tribune**  
PUBLISHED DAILY (Sunday excepted)  
412, 413 and 417 EIGHTH STREET  
—by the—  
TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President,  
Delivered by Carrier  
—AT—  
**35c per Month**

**NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
Any subscriber not receiving the Tribune regularly, will please send a notice to this office and the complaint will be attended to at once.

**The Tribune in the Country.**  
Patrons of the Tribune going out of town during the summer may have the paper mailed to their address without extra expense by notifying the business office, 412 Eighth street, or telephoning main 46.

**AMUSEMENTS.**  
Dewey—"A Bowery Girl."  
Columbia—"The New Dominion."  
Grand Opera House—"Paul Jones."  
Gaiety—"Rigoletto."  
Orpheum—"Vaudeville."  
Alhambra—"Laguerre."

**PICNICS AT SHERIDAN MOUND PARK.**  
Sunday, September 2nd—San Francisco Schutzen Verein, Captain John Harbo.  
September 4th—St. Peter's Parish of San Francisco.

**TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1899.**  
The world's supply of rice is said to come from France. That probably explains why it is so easy to rattle them.

An Eastern scientist advances the theory that all confirmed drunkards are insane. That means leading a living death beside their "blacks."

Especially claims to be the liveliest city in the West right now. That may be this is less time, and that part of the State knows it better than any other section.

It is estimated that country visitors spent a million dollars in San Francisco last week. The profit on this makes up for that \$20,000 celebration a good many times over.

Music firms on the other side of the Rockies report large sales of pianos and organs to Western farmers. What are they going to do with them? The agriculturists out this way don't know how to play anything but the hose, and occasionally a little poker.

Bryan is en route to California, ostensibly for the purpose of vacation, but really with the object of stirring up the silver sentiment again in this State. His aim, he thinks, McKinley hurled it too deeply three years ago, and the people are satisfied to let the corpse remain below ground.

Berthoff's "figures of speech" in the Dewey case are doing the accused man more good than harm, although the prosecution thought they would prove a strong card against him. When the impression goes along that a witness is insane, as is the case with Berthoff, there is little to be feared from his testimony.

The way fame can be won in an hour is being aptly illustrated in the case of Edwin Markham. Although he was locally known as a literary genius for many years, his reputation was confined to California, and practically to Alameda county, until he produced "The Man With the Hoe." Now, however, his name is a household word in all the literary centers of the world, and the announcement that everything he writes is quickly bought up by the New York papers and magazines shows that he is getting substantial returns for the honors he has won. The statement that he will not return to California but will locate on the Atlantic seaboard means a dire loss to our literature, but then we cannot expect a star of the first magnitude to remain shining in our little firmament.

**THE STATE FAIR.**  
The State Fair that will open Monday next at Sacramento and run continuously for two weeks promises to be one of the most successful meetings ever held there, for a unusual amount of interest is being displayed in the event throughout the entire State. Much of this promising condition of affairs is due to the energetic work being done by the president, A. B. Spreckels, and the secretary, Peter J. Shields, both of whom are leaving nothing undone to make the occasion a memorable one.

Of late years the State Fair has to a certain extent fallen into a condition of decadence, and those for whose interests it was originally planned have practically taken no advantage of it. The theory of the State Fair is to bring together a collection of the products of the various sections, the offering of premiums being presumably sufficient to ensure a representative exhibit. Strange to say, though, the farmers, stockmen, and others have fallen out of the fashion of competing for the prizes, with the result that all the awards have been carried off by a handful of enterprising agriculturists who have had a good thing of it all to themselves.

The members of the State Board of Agriculture determined this year, though, to change this order of things, and their efforts have been so well directed that there is every indication that one of the old-time representative displays will be on view at the big pavilion in the Capital Park. The track events and other outdoor entertainments have all been dropped with the object of securing large attendances, and in this connection it might be said that the Board will place a crowning glory upon its labors if it checks some of the more vicious form of gambling that are wont to be so prominent at these State gatherings. A number of special days have been set aside for the benefit of certain organizations and assemblies, and taken all in all, the prospects are the brightest with which any State Fair has been ushered in for many years past.

**When Good Coffee Big Presents Are Wanted Try Great American Importing Tea Co's Big Value Stores.**

103 WASHINGTON ST. Oakland  
103 BROADWAY, N. Y.  
103 E. TWELFTH ST.,  
103 TWENTY-THIRD AVE.,  
103 PARK ST., Alameda

**GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.**  
In the appointment of F. V. Meyers as Governor of Stockton as Labor Commissioner the Governor has once more treated the politicians to a surprise, for although it was known that the man in question was a candidate, there were few who thought he had more than a remote chance of getting it. For a long time the impression prevailed that the place would go to Joseph Sanders of San Francisco, and then a tip quietly went the rounds that Wallace Pond, formerly of Yolo and now of Berkeley, was the man.

The Governor, in upsetting all these calculations, has not departed, however, from the position he took when applications for the commissionership started to pour in upon him. He then let it be known that it would not go to anyone who was not directly identified with the labor interests of the State, a policy he has followed up to the letter, for Meyers has been a practical, hard-working railroad man all his life, and is now chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The position is a good one, for it carries a salary of \$2,500 a year besides traveling and office expenses, and controls four deputyships, one at \$1,200 a year and the three others at \$1,200 each.

The selections announced by the Governor for directors of the Asylum for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Berkeley cannot but give general satisfaction, for George W. Reed and John H. Grindley of Oakland and William S. Wells of Martinez, the three appointees, are all well known and highly esteemed citizens. Mr. Reed is a member of the law firm of Reed & Nussbaumer, and during his incumbency as District Attorney of Alameda county established an excellent reputation, both as a high-class lawyer and as a man of sterling worth and integrity. Mr. Grindley was formerly actively associated with politics this side of the bay, but of late years has been devoting his entire attention to his mercantile pursuits, while Mr. Wells is one of the leading men of Contra Costa county.

George A. Kahlert's return to the attorneyship of the State Board of Health, with its salary income of \$3,000 a year, is a deserved tribute to one of the leading Republicans of the State. Mr. Kahlert was appointed to the same position eight years ago by Governor Markham, and at the close of his term was succeeded by Donald Spencer of Napa, who died shortly after entering upon the duties of the office. Garrett McManney was named for the unexpired term, and has held the attorneyship ever since, generously donating the salary to Spencer's widow throughout the whole of his incumbency.

The recent press is practically a unit in endorsing the Governor's side of the controversy with the San Francisco papers on the celebration issue. Instead of the boycott resulting in his being entirely ignored, as was planned, it has had exactly the opposite effect, for it has brought about a general comment in every paper in the State, and with the exception of a few superficial Democratic shows, the kind of advertising he has received will aid greatly to his popularity.

A decision important to fraternal organizations has just been handed down by the United States Supreme Court. It is held that insanity is a defense against the payment of by-laws of benevolent organizations, and that such benefits can therefore be legally claimed in all such cases.

It is claimed that a man in Monterey found a note pinned under the stairway of his house that had been there for 200 years. They probably belonged to some seven-hundred-year-old burglar who "sneaked" to his "hole" while he went through the house looking for loot.

Rev. Sam Jones says that his income has been from \$250.00 to \$300.00 a year for the past fifteen years. Sam seems to have located the golden state this side of the river.

The Los Angeles Express calls the extra session of a "debate" probably some action is meant to the multi-talented dark horse.

**BURNS TAKES THE NAME OF "JOHN DOE."**  
Judge Elworth this morning denied a motion to set aside a default in the action of the Bay Rock Company against Burns and others. The action is brought on Burns' streets assessments.

An attempt was made by the defense to reopen the case by having James D. Burns file an answer under the assumption that he was the "John Doe" named in the complaint. It was shown, however, that Burns had purchased the property in question subsequent to the filing of the suit. The court did not see that Burns could reasonably be the "John Doe" named as defendant in the complaint.

**Minor Accidents.**  
J. R. Nelson of 317 Myrtle street, an electrician, was injured at the Revere Hospital last evening by a blow on the head from a hammer while he was at work.

Ray O'Brien of 320 Fifth street, aged 40 years, was treated for a bruise on his arm, resulting from a fall.

**No Evidence.**  
W. M. Allison, who was arrested on the 22d of this month for disturbing the peace, was dismissed on the motion of prosecuting Attorney Leach for lack of evidence.

**When Good Coffee Big Presents Are Wanted Try Great American Importing Tea Co's Big Value Stores.**

103 WASHINGTON ST. Oakland  
103 BROADWAY, N. Y.  
103 E. TWELFTH ST.,  
103 TWENTY-THIRD AVE.,  
103 PARK ST., Alameda

**THEY CELEBRATED FAR FROM HOME.**  
Grass aus Treptow near Berlin.

Editor Tribune—Every evening between five and six o'clock, except Sundays, a party of gentlemen can be seen seated around a long table at the Arhaus restaurant, on Ninth street, which is called the "Stummersch." On the tenth last, four of these gentlemen could be seen seated around a table at the "Frankfurter," a huge Bavarian beer establishment at Berlin. It is needless to say that the event was celebrated in grand style.

The names of the four gentlemen are Albert Kayser, formerly of the Oakland Journal, Prof. Albin Fritzsche of the State University, Dr. E. Kohns and William Knapp.

**LEFT MONEY IN EASTERN BANKS.**  
Melinda Anthony has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary Anthony, who died in Boston on August 7th. The estate consists of about \$10,000, principally cash in Eastern banks. The heirs are the petitioner and the following children: Lizzie, Walter and William Anthony, Estola Ogden and Helen Harashy.

**PERSONAL.**  
Mr. and Mrs. James Lindsay of Sacramento are spending three weeks visiting in this city and San Francisco.

Jeff Shannon of Alameda is visiting in Fresno.

J. T. Handsaker of Berkeley was recently in Fresno.

Miss Mae Wood is visiting her parents in Cloverdale.

Miss Emma Long of Sacramento has returned to the University of California.

Russell Williams of Sacramento has entered the University of California.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Craber are spending a week at Crockett.

Arthur Rodgers, Regent of the State University, and family have taken up their residence at Claremont for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Oweh Moran of Vallejo will spend the winter in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Foster are registered at the Vendome, San Jose.

Charles Kreyser is spending a month at Walnut Creek.

The Misses Teresa and Isabelle Cantua were recently visiting relatives in Concord.

Attorney W. H. Sigourney is visiting the oil fields in Kings county.

Mrs. G. W. Pitts has returned to Campbell.

Mrs. B. M. Rosenberg of Ukiah is visiting her parents in this city.

Miss Ethel Brown has returned from a trip to Europe with her aunt, Mrs. Irving Scott. She is at present the guest of Mrs. George Hammer of Berkeley.

Miss Gertrude Cook of Campbell is attending the University of California.

W. T. Veitch is in San Jose.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Swain are in San Jose.

Miss Charlie Bradley is in San Jose, the guest of Miss Mattie George.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Seymour of San Jose are guests of Mrs. T. L. Jenkins of this city.

The Wellmans of Fruitvale leave next month for a year's trip abroad.

R. F. Palmer of Alameda is at Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz county.

County Expert E. R. Bullock has returned from his vacation trip.

Miss Bertha Graft of San Jose is spending a few days in Berkeley.

Attorney Asa V. Mendenhall was recently in Fresno.

Mrs. A. L. Rogers of Woodland came to this city to attend the funeral of Miss Ethel Pratt.

Attorney W. H. Waste and wife were recently in Napa.

Miss Frances Allen is visiting the family of P. J. Devlin of Suisun.

Thomas Billestock was visiting friends in Suisun last week.

Mrs. A. R. Cook was recently visiting friends at Redding.

Mrs. B. M. Pennell of Berkeley, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. M. J. Smith, has come to Alameda to take a position in the normal training school.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Magnus of 1009 Castro street, gave a party Sunday in honor of the anniversary of the wedding day. A large gathering of friends was present to offer congratulations.

The wedding of Richard B. Aver and Miss Olive Denton will take place September 12th, at the home of the bride, 322 Eighth street.

**"A BOWERY GIRL" ONE OF DEWEY SUCCESSSES.**  
The Dewey still keeps up its winning stride, and seems to add to its popularity with every new title. Last night the house was packed to see "A Bowery Girl" with Gracie Paolista in the title role. This clever actress, one of the most popular ever seen on the Pacific Coast, played Nora Hartman, and made a tremendous hit. "A Bowery Girl" is overflowing with mirth. Though there are many strong dramatic situations, it is well full justice was done by the Grand stock company.

Lander Stevens' admirable work as Ernest Decombe was one of the features of the performance. Little Verba, the child actress, captivated the audience, while Maurice Stewart, as Sweeney, and Miss Gracie did excellent work.

A particularly good part of the performance was the specialties. The gymnasts, Wadde and Dixon and Le Geo and Cunningham, acrobats, all of the Orpheum circuit, were heartily applauded.

"A Bowery Girl" will run all the week with the regular Saturday matinee. Next week that splendid favorite, "The Octoroon."

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Speaking of Supervisor Mitchell reminds me of the fact that he is doing a lot of good for the brave fight he made before the Board of Supervisors in order to have the illegal road tax refunded to the people in the annexed district. If the people do not get the money to which they are justly entitled, I am sure that it will not be the fault of Supervisor Mitchell. He has done his best to help them.

I do not know that there is a combine between the rock contractors of Oakland, but at the meeting of the City Council last evening some very pointed questions were asked.

While walking down Clay street this morning I noticed that the old Briggs house at the corner of Thirteenth and Clay streets was being moved down Clay street. The men who are moving the house are in the habit of driving a stake into the bitumen and leaving a hole when they are done with the work. The people of Clay street have spent a great deal of money to make this one of the cleanest thoroughfares in Oakland. May I ask Supervisor Mitchell if he is going to repair the damage done to this street?

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The Alameda boys kept up their good record of last year and carried away nearly all the honors of the regatta. Dr. Rich's life-saving kites were a feature of the regatta.

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The committee composed of representatives from the various local fraternal and other organizations, interested in preparing a reception to be tendered the returned Alamedians who saw service in the Philippines will meet tonight in Persister's Hall. Now that several of the members of the volunteers are but a few days' ride from the Philippines, more interest is being manifested with regard to the formal greeting that the people of this city propose to extend to the Philippine veterans at present.

Both paraders of Native Sons, California Council No. 1, the Unitarian Club, the Alameda Bowling Club, Spruce Club, Woodmen of the World, Pawnee Tribe, Red Men, Yosemite Council, Degree of Pioneers, Alameda Tent Knights of the Macabees and other organizations have thus far appointed delegates to act for them on the general reception committee. Other clubs and societies are yet to be heard from and it is expected that when the "at home" reception to "our boys" takes place, the representation in Hall will be interested directly or indirectly.

Tonight the ladies of Oakland will give a reception and banquet in Loring Hall to the Alameda county soldiers home from the Orient.

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**Boat Club Members.**  
The members of the Alameda Boat Club reached home yesterday from the Astoria regatta. They came down on the Santa Columbia. The Columbia reached San Francisco about midnight, and they came ashore in the morning with their boats. The party consisted of the members of the crew, Captain W. Ayers, W. G. Hansen, A. Cobb, John Lewis and Leslie Hansen. The other members of the club who accompanied them were S. J. Pembroke and Alfred Greenleaf. Dr. Riehl of this city also returned with the Astoria regatta having had an excellent time, and the reception they received at the hands of their Astoria hosts was a royal one indeed. The Alamedians made themselves favorites by their good showing last year, and throughout the regatta they were shown particular attention and their every want looked after.

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# WHAT THE COUNCIL IS DOING FOR THE CITY. PATHETIC STORY OF CHILD WIFE.

## WORK PRISONERS ON THE STREETS. MAYOR'S PLAN IS KILLED. THEY TALK OF A COMBINE. ROUTINE WORK OF THE COUNCIL. LOU AGNEW HAS A CLOSE CALL. Left Penniless by a Brutal Husband After Helping Him.

### Mr. Girard Wants Returns From Men in Jail.

At the meeting of the Council last night Councilman Girard introduced the following:

"Whereas, The roadways in what is known as the 'unimproved district' of the city of Oakland are in a bad state of disrepair; and

"Whereas, Residents of said districts have been required to pay taxes into the city treasury in return for which they have not received corresponding municipal benefits, owing to the condition of the city treasury and the enormous appropriation of money for the benefit of other sections of the city; and

"Whereas, During the remainder of the year it will be impossible to pay wages for work done on the roadways of said district; and

"Whereas, San Pablo and Shattuck avenues, Grove street and other main thoroughfares in said district, now almost impassable, may be made good roadways at very little expense to the city; now therefore

"Resolved, That the Board of Public Works and the Board of Police and Fire Commissioners be and they are hereby directed to provide for working city prisoners on said roadways under the supervision of a policeman and a competent overseer who thoroughly understands street work, thereby saving thousands of dollars to the taxpayers of the city and at the same time benefiting the health of city prisoners who now live in idleness supported and kept at the public expense."

The resolution was referred without debate to the Street Committee.

### Council Not in Favor of the Street District Plan.

The Council last night voted down one of the new features of metropolitan improvement introduced by Mayor Snow, by adopting a resolution prohibiting the continuance of street cleaning known as the district system.

This was done by the adoption of the following resolution, which was introduced by Mr. Rowe:

"Whereas, It has been fully demonstrated, after a full and fair trial, that the system known as the district system of cleaning streets imposes financial burdens upon the city of Oakland that it is at this time wholly unable to bear; and

"Whereas, The results accomplished have not been at all commensurate with the increased expenditure; and

"Whereas, It is necessary that in this as in every other department of the city service the utmost economy be exercised; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby authorized and directed to discontinue said system from and after August 31, 1899."

Mr. Taylor said he had not in a resolution on the same subject some time ago, and it had been buried in the committee.

Mr. Rowe said he had found one of the district men sweeping gutters in Golden Gate, where there were no pavements, and the man was standing under the trees talking to bystanders. The speaker asked with Mr. Girard, who was with him, that it was a waste of the people's money.

Mr. Stetson said he was in favor of the district system, but there was no money to be had for it. There was no provision for it in the Auditor's estimate.

Mr. Girard said he was in favor of the district system, but not as it was done now. There was a man cleaning streets in Golden Gate, but there was no one sent to keep them clean. If his plan of setting the prisoners to work should be adopted, it would result in a saving of perhaps \$100,000 a year.

The rules were suspended and the resolution was adopted all the members present voting in the affirmative.

### Mr. Girard Wants Better Rock for the Streets.

A resolution ordering the grading and curbing of Third street from Market to 14th street was read.

Mr. Stetson wanted to know what was the difference between the two classes of specifications on macadamizing.

The President said that Street Superintendent Miller, who was present, would explain the difference.

The explanation was made, and Mr. Girard said that he was glad that the subject was brought up, because he wanted to direct attention to the fact that there was some rock used in macadamizing which was entirely useless. He did not know what quarry the rock came from, but whatever quarry it was, it ought not to be used. The rock was of bluish color, was hard and broke very easily. He wanted to know if that rock came from the Laundry Farm quarry.

Mr. Miller said that was the rock which Mr. Girard had in view.

Mr. Girard asked why the rock was accepted.

Mr. Miller said it came within the specifications.

Mr. Girard wanted to know why the specifications were not altered.

Mr. Miller said that the rock did not always act as Mr. Girard had described it.

"I am glad to know where the rock comes from," said Mr. Girard. "That rock ought not to be used. When it is put in the street it breaks and crumbles, and people have to pay for material that should not be used. And here is another thing, I have been told I don't know how true it is, but I have been told that three different times, that there is an agreement among these contractors. One time one of them gets a contract and at another time another one of them gets it by an agreement among them, and their figures go a little higher in their bids. I have been told that they have met over in Alameda, that they have met there two or three times and agreed among themselves on work. I am told that they have formed a combine. I want to know whether this is so. I am not afraid in the Council here to abuse these men. I want to know if it is true. If it is true, we ought to stop it. I will ask Mr. Bates, who is about it, if he will ask Mr. Bates. 'Have you a little understanding between contractors who are furnishing rock to the city for paving?'"

Mr. Bates said that it was a matter that was to be determined by the bids, and that Mr. Girard could satisfy himself by an examination of them. If the bids were too high, why they could be rejected.

"Is there," asked Mr. Stetson, a combine among rock men?" said Mr. Bates.

"Not that I know of," said Mr. Bates.

"The Street Superintendent," said Mr. Stetson, "should set up new specifications for the purpose of keeping the people from being injured by inferior material for street work."

### Matters of Interest Attempt to Remove Policeman Meets With Failure.

An unsuccessful attempt was made last night to pass the ordinance reducing the police force by one man, and authorizing the Chief of Police to detail a police officer to perform the duties of the Chief of Police. The ordinance failed to pass, there being only five votes in the affirmative and two in the negative, four Councilmen being absent.

If it had passed the ordinance would have deprived Lou Agnew, the present Chief of Police, of his position both as chief and as a member of the police force.

That would require the appointment of another clerk, and by way of anticipating the passage of the ordinance, at the last meeting of the Council a resolution was introduced authorizing the appointment of a clerk to the Chief of Police at a salary of \$15 per month. That resolution is before one of the Council committees.

Mr. Stetson moved that the ordinance be brought up on final passage.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Mott said he had had a conversation with Chief Hodgkins, and that the Chief had informed him that Agnew did police work as well as clerical duty. The Chief had said he did not want to have the force reduced, as it was small enough now. At the outset the speaker had favored the ordinance because he did not know what the incentive did police work. If a man was put on to do only clerical work he would not do the police work which was now done by Agnew.

Mr. Rowe said that ten men had been put on the force a year ago, and since that time the Chief had been making a policeman. It was a matter of economy now, as they now had twelve men more than they had a year ago and they had dispensed with the services of two detectives.

Mr. Mott said that the police force was not large enough as it was now.

Mr. Mott said he would like to have the Chief of Police speak on the subject.

Mr. Rowe said it was a matter of economy and efficiency, and the recommendation of the Chief of Police.

Mr. Girard said that ex-Chief Lloyd had asked for ten policemen for the annexed district, but only two policemen had been sent there, one at Golden Gate and one at Temescal. The other eight men were in the city. He did not think there was more crime in the city now than there was then. He was in favor of economy and cutting down expenses wherever they could be cut.

Mr. Mott said that the saving there would be in the passage of the ordinance.

Mr. Stetson said that the saving would amount to \$25 a month. A resolution had been introduced providing for the appointment of a clerk at \$15 a month.

Mr. Mott said it was saving only \$25 and losing the services of an officer.

Mr. Stetson said that the position in question had been created as a political move by the previous Council, so as to make it impossible for the Council to reach the office of his salary. So far as police work was concerned, a man on the beat could go into and watch a clerk's office. A clerk in the place could be given authority as a special policeman.

Mr. Stetson coincided with the views of Mr. Stetson.

Mr. Mott said that when he had been in the Council before the office work of the Chief was done by a clerk who did not do any police work. The salary had been raised and police duties were added to those of the clerk, and thus a great deal more was expected of him.

The ordinance failed in its passage by the following vote:

Ayes—Girard, Stetson, Taylor, Upton and Rowe—5.

Nays—Meese and Mott—2.

Absent—Bartow, Cavellier, Knamm and Schaffner—4.

The ordinance was then referred to the Ordinance and Judiciary Committee.

The other ordinances disposed of were as follows:

Paying the claim of Joseph Martin, amounting to \$372.40. Finally passed.

Imposing a license tax of \$4 on bicycle racks. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Increasing the salary of the City Chemist from \$25 to \$30 per month.

RESOLUTIONS.

Granting permission to A. M. Stone to remove trees from the corner of East Sixteenth street and Eighth avenue.

Ordering street work on Ninth street from Franklin to Webster street. Adopted.

Ordering street work on Union street from Third-second to Peralta street. Adopted.

### LOU AGNEW HAS A CLOSE CALL.

Base desertion of his wife has now been charged to William Madden, the young sneak thief and dope fiend who, a few days ago, was discharged from the city jail on the charge of petty larceny.

Madden and his wife were accused of the same offense—day of stealing a couple of rings from the Hotel Vendome, on Washington and Ninth streets.

In the Police Court, Madden pleaded guilty, but declared that his wife was innocent. He tried, however, to extenuate his own offense by telling the highly improbable story that he had found one of the rings in the elevator of the hotel and the other in the machine carpet-sweeper, which had picked up the piece of jewelry as he was running it along the floor.

Judge Smith, in sentencing Madden, expressed the belief that the accused was guilty and, at the same time, dismissed the charge against Mrs. Madden.

He ascertained from her that she had no friends in this city, that her husband had not provided her with means to support her during his incarceration, and that she had no idea how she was to subsist while her spouse was in jail.

Subsequently, the Judge ascertained from the young woman that she had a female friend in San Francisco, with whom she had resided for a short time before her marriage to Madden. Mrs. Madden thought possibly that she might find a home with that lady.

Accordingly, Officer Kyle, who had arrested the pair in the Smith house on Broadway, near Seventh, volunteered to escort Mrs. Madden to the woman in San Francisco, whose name was Brilliant, and inform the latter that the young woman was innocent of the charge which had been made against her, and that she had been probably been the victim of her husband's mad jealousy.

Mrs. Brilliant heard the story and agreed to temporarily give the girl a home. Her action in this respect was inspired by a feeling of sympathy for Mrs. Madden, who was in reality a child wife. The sneak thief's spouse was not only young, girlish and innocent in appearance, but had attained only her seventeenth year. She had the manner of some delicate creature, who was nervous, retiring and timidly and modestly shy at variance with the bearing which characterizes people laboring under the charge which had been preferred against her.

It was the belief of her innocence, as also that she was the victim of her husband's criminal predilection, that Judge Smith sought to provide a shelter for her while her husband was in jail, with the hope that eventually she might be relieved from a spouse whose example was pernicious.

The little woman, however, declared that her life was bound up in her worthless spouse, and that she would not live if separated from him without hope of again meeting him.

Proof of this fact was found in the revelation which the little one displayed while Madden was serving his sentence in the County Jail. She had written her appearance at the battle with a request to be permitted to see the dope victim from whom she had received her rings. The request was refused, as it was prohibited by the rules of the jail.

The wife, however, never made her appearance at the jail, but she did bring with her something in the way of clothing for Mrs. Brilliant, who was in San Francisco, and her husband's appearance at the jail, and she stated that her husband and one more refined had ever come under his eye under such circumstances. He declared it to be a shame that such a girl should throw herself away upon such a worthless spouse.

### Left Penniless by a Brutal Husband After Helping Him.

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### PATHETIC STORY OF CHILD WIFE.

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### GOVERNMENT ON ITS LAST LEGS.

The tide of revolution is rapidly nearing the capital. The revolutionaries have crossed the mountains and are now only six hours distant by horse back. The government is now tottering and is unable to check insurrection. Yesterday it dispatched a commission to confer with the rebel leaders for the purpose of trying to effect a compromise. Meanwhile there is great suspense. The capital may be besieged in a few days if a compromise fails.

### FREE SILVER IS THE ISSUE.

Senator Vest outlines the Democratic Campaign.

### STONE NAMES COMMITTEES.

Democratic Campaign Will Soon Be Begun.

### UNDERSTANDING A SECRET ONE.

Temporary Adjustment of the Boundary Matter.

### WEDDING OF JULIA GRANT.

She Will Marry Prince Cantacuzene Late in September.

### GOVERNOR MAKES APPOINTMENTS.

That Throbbing Headache

### LABOR COMMISSIONER AND DIRECTORS OF HOME NAMED.

When You Are Thirsty

### Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santo Domingo, Friday, via Key West, Fla., says:

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Among the people there is general alarm. The President never leaves home by night or day except with a double guard. The city is virtually under military law. The soldiers are patrolling the streets. The foreign consulates are crowded with aliens apprehensive of disorder.

The military commandant of San Cristobal was assassinated on Tuesday. Horrible demands for the death of the Cabinet Ministers are posted nightly in prominent places.

Military preparations are being rushed by the government, and the reserves are under arms, but the insurrection has thus far been remarkably free from bloodshed, although there are vague reports of severe fighting in the interior.

All the telegraph lines to the interior of the island have been cut by the insurgents, and communication by wire has been impossible for several days, but refugees say the revolution is spreading.

Governor Llorente of the La Vega district has gone over to the revolutionists, taking with him many soldiers. Some of the Dominican garibais have put into the river, and it is rumored that the President and Cabinet, in case of emergency, will flee to Haiti.

If more serious trouble comes the people here are looking to the United States for protection. In case of rioting, the New Orleans and a French cruiser are prepared to land marines to protect the consulate.

### Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A special to the Tribune from Toronto says:

Senator Vest of Missouri, now in Toronto, has been interviewed by the Globe-American pollster. He referred to President McKinley's speech at Ocean Grove, laying down the Administration's policy as to expansion. Mr. Vest said the expansion question is causing uneasiness in many states. Many progressive Democrats are in sympathy with the policy, while many leading Republicans are opposed to it. How important these differences of opinion are will not be known until after election. Expansion is not regarded favorably in the Southern States, where there is a great outcry against the fruit imported from Porto Rico and Cuba. The Imperialists say these islands are great markets for American manufactures.

"This is an illusory view," said Mr. Vest. "And, at best, a prediction."

As to the coming campaign, Mr. Vest said the silver question is by no means dead. It was never more prominent than it is today. This is shown by the Tammany demonstration of July 30, when Mr. Hogg made his famous speech in the West and South, the silver agitation is more determined than in 1896. Mr. Vest said:

"This question will be a leading issue next year and it is more than likely that it will receive a fuller measure of popular support than it did three years ago. The newspapers in the eastern States would lead us to believe that the free coinage plank will not appear in the platform of the Democratic party. They will see their mistake when that platform is drafted."

"The Democrats will also fight the trusts and expansion."

"The fight to be waged against the trusts is sure to receive support from our side. This will be the case particularly in the East, where the beneficial effects of these organizations are most apparent."

Fussies representing Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines as valuable market acquisitions, the Republicans will claim the prosperity as due to the tariff policy. But the farmers have received no particular benefit from the prosperity, and are as dissatisfied as ever.

From that of 1896, on account of the new issues. The effect of these cannot be known until the vote is polled, and no man is justified in making any prophecy as to the outcome. Both candidates carry great weight in the country."

Referring to the Alaskan boundary question, the Senator did not doubt a settlement would be reached. He deprecated any thought of war. If President McKinley submitted to Congress now the same general arbitration treaty was rejected a few years ago it would be ratified by an overwhelming majority.

### Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—A special to the Tribune from Ottawa, Ont., says:

The Washington dispatches relating to an alleged secret understanding between the United States authorities and Premier Laurier are regarded here as having been founded in fact, though they may be to some extent conjectural. Any such understanding is necessarily unwritten and private. It is stated. It is unofficial and temporary, and disposes finally of some of the positions, but simply holds matters in abeyance.

The secret understanding, according to the talk in Ministerial circles here, is merely to hold in check and to defer the possible demonstrations brought by the mention of the President to come to Canada free port in the Lynn canal in return for Canada's relinquishing her claims to the entire headwaters of the inlet, including Dysa, Skagway and Foul Bay.

Mr. Wilfrid Laurier and his Cabinet have long been satisfied that the British government did not possess the necessary local knowledge to deal with the Canadian situation, and they have been anxious to free port on the inlet, and it has been decided that Sir Louis D'Alesbury shall go to London to confer with Salisbury and Chamberlain. He was one of the British commissioners at Washington, and is one of the leading members of the Canadian Cabinet. He has been identified with all the negotiations with the United States since the Liberal party came into power. This program necessitates delay. The secret understanding, therefore, is not looked on as a party trick, but it is thought to be a step toward an honorable adjustment of the trouble between the United States and Canada.

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NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A special to the Tribune from Cape Haytien, Haiti, says:

There was a battle at Dajabon several days ago in which, according to the reports received here, the government lost several hundred men killed and wounded, and the insurgents only fifty. General Escobedo was among those killed.

By instructions from General Jimenez, Ramon Pacheco has been made Commander-in-Chief in the Northeast, pending the arrival of General Toribio Garcia.

Private letters from Porto Plata quote the Governor there as saying that he will surrender the town on the approach of the insurgents. He says that, as it is a national uprising, he would avoid shedding blood.

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### Sanitary Board

The Council met last night as the Golden Gate Sanitary Board. There was no business to be transacted and an adjournment was ordered till Tuesday, September 2d.

### Three Months More.

William Anderson was discharged from the county jail this morning, after having served six months for petty larceny. He was taken to Alameda, where he pleaded guilty to another charge and was sentenced to three months.

### Licensed to Harry.

Milo Clarence Ayer, Isleton, 2.  
Lorena Paul, Isleton, 18.

### Justice's Court Suits.

R. Romo has begun suit in Justice Quinn's court against H. C. Perkins to recover \$20 alleged to be due on a bicycle sold.

Judge Quinn has given judgment for the plaintiff in the action of M. Francis against W. J. Byers for \$40.68.

### WEDDING OF JULIA GRANT.

She Will Marry Prince Cantacuzene Late in September.

### GOVERNOR MAKES APPOINTMENTS.

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